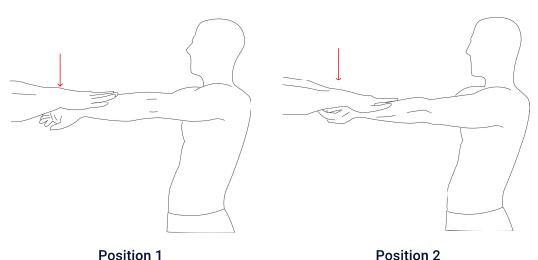
O'Brien's Test

Patient's name: <u>Jonathan Lee</u>	Age: <u>45</u>	Gender:	Male
Examiner: Emily Richards	Date: Sept. 18, 20	024	

Test procedure

- 1. With the patient standing in a neutral position, ask them to flex their shoulders to 90 degrees.
- 2. Move the arms so that the shoulders have 10 degrees of horizontal adduction.
- 3. Ask the patient to actively rotate the arms internally to maximum range. This is the first position.
- 4. Ask the patient to resist downward pressure and then apply moderate downward pressure on the arms.
- 5. Ask the patients to fully rotate the arms externally so that palms are facing up. This is the second position.
- 6. Ask the patient to resist downward pressure and apply moderate downward pressure on the arms again.



Results and interpretation



Positive result: Pain is provoked in the first position, but pain lessens or disappears in the second position.



Negative result: No pain or symptom is provoked or reproduced.

Additional notes

The patient reported sharp pain in the first position, which significantly decreased when rotating externally to the second position, indicating a possible labral tear. Follow-up imaging is recommended for further evaluation.

O'Brien, S. J., Pagnani, M. J., Fealy, S., McGlynn, S. R., & Wilson, J. B. (1998). The Active Compression Test: A new and effective test for labral tears and acromioclavicular joint abnormality. *The American Journal of Sports Medicine*, 26(5), 610–613. https://doi.org/10.1177/03635465980260050201

Physiotutors. (2017). O'Brien Test | active compression test of o'Brien | SLAP lesion. In YouTube. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gkDvVBi0gg8