## **Longevity Diet Food List**

Patient information	
Name:	Age:
Contact information:	Date:

## Foods included in the longevity diet

These food groups are essential for individuals following a longevity-focused diet. Each category supports overall health, longevity, and disease prevention.

Vegetables (especially dark leafy greens and cruciferous vegetables)	Fruits (emphasis on antioxidant-rich varieties)
<ul> <li>Spinach</li> <li>Kale</li> <li>Broccoli</li> <li>Cauliflower</li> <li>Brussels sprouts</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Berries</li><li>Apples</li><li>Oranges</li><li>Grapes</li><li>Cherries</li></ul>
Whole grains (low-glycemic, fiber-rich options)	Plant-based proteins
<ul><li>Brown rice</li><li>Oats</li><li>Quinoa</li><li>Barley</li></ul>	<ul><li>Beans</li><li>Lentils</li><li>Chickpeas</li><li>Tofu</li><li>Tempeh</li></ul>
Healthy fats (rich in unsaturated fats)	Fermented foods (for gut health)
<ul> <li>Extra virgin olive oil</li> <li>Nuts (e.g., walnuts, almonds)</li> <li>Seeds (e.g., chia, flax)</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Yogurt</li><li>Kefir</li><li>Kimchi</li><li>Sauerkraut</li></ul>

## Fish and seafood (high in omega-3 fatty acids, limit to 2–3 servings per week)

- Salmon
- Sardines
- Mackerel
- Trout

## Additional recommendations

These tips provide guidance on how to follow the Longevity Diet effectively and integrate healthy habits for long-term success.

- Focus on moderate portions, especially proteins, with plant-based sources as a primary choice.
- Prioritize water and green tea for hydration, as both support cellular health.
- If appropriate for the patient's lifestyle and health status, consider a fasting-mimicking schedule, such as limiting eating windows to 10–12 hours.
- Incorporate vegetables into each meal, aiming for various colors to maximize nutrient intake.

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